## APPEAL NO. 021520 FILED JULY 30, 2002

This appeal arises pursuant to t	he Texas Wo	rkers' Compensa	ation Act, TEX. LAB.
CODE ANN. § 401.001 et seq. (1989).	Act). A conte	ested case heari	ng was held on May
9, 2002 with the record closing on Ma	y 28, 2002.	The hearing off	icer determined that
the appellant's (claimant)	, com	pensable rib in	jury extends to and
includes contusions to both knees, but			
spine, thoracic spine, right hip, right leg	g, or head. T	he hearing office	er further determined
that as a result of his	, compensa	able injury the cla	aimant had disability
from, to November	26, 2001. T	he claimant app	ealed on sufficiency
grounds and asserted evidentiary erro	r by the hear	ing officer. The	respondent (carrier)
responded, urging affirmance.			

## **DECISION**

Affirmed.

The hearing officer did not err in determining that the claimant's \_\_\_\_\_\_, compensable injury does not extend to and include his lumbar spine, thoracic spine, right hip, right leg, or head, and that he had disability as a result of his compensable injury only from \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, to November 26, 2001. The issues of extent of injury and disability presented questions of fact for the hearing officer to resolve. The hearing officer is the sole judge of the weight and credibility to be given to the evidence. Section 410.165(a). There was conflicting evidence presented on the disputed issues. Nothing in our review of the record indicates that the hearing officer's decision is so against the great weight and preponderance of the evidence as to be clearly wrong or manifestly unjust. Cain v. Bain, 709 S.W.2d 175, 176 (Tex. 1986); Pool v. Ford Motor Company, 715 S.W.2d 629, 635 (Tex. 1986).

The claimant additionally asserts that the hearing officer erred in holding the record open to allow the claimant to undergo an MRI of his lumbar spine so that she could review the results prior to making her extent-of-injury determination. We find no merit in this assertion and determine that the hearing officer did not commit reversible error. The claimant repeatedly testified that he wanted to return to work but the carrier refused to pay for a lumbar MRI and his doctor would not release him until he received MRI results. The claimant testified that the lumbar MRI was finally approved and would have been done just prior to the hearing but for the fact that the machine was broken. We fail to see how holding the record open in an extent-of-injury case to obtain diagnostic testing results can be said to be prejudicial to either party. Additionally, there is no evidence in the record to show that the hearing officer solely relied on the objected-to test results in arriving at her decision.

The hearing officer's decision and order are affirmed.

The true corporate name of the insurance carrier is **AMERICAN ZURICH INSURANCE COMPANY** and the name and address of its registered agent for service of process is

## GARY SUDOL 9330 LBJ FREEWAY, SUITE 1200 DALLAS, TEXAS 75243.

CONCUR:	Daniel R. Barry Appeals Judge
Judy L. S. Barnes Appeals Judge	
Gary L. Kilgore Appeals Judge	